# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Lamp Black Milk Paint



Section 1. Identification	
GHS product identifier	: Lamp Black Milk Paint
Product code	: Not available.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Water-based coating.
Manufacturer	: General Finishes 2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120 U.S.A. Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
GHS label elements	

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H350 - May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.</li> </ul>
Response	: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

#### : Mixture

: Not available.

Other means of identification

Ingredient name%CAS numberPropane-1,2-diol<br/>(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol<br/>Carbon black, respirable powder<br/>Crystalline silica, respirable powder $\geq 1 - \leq 3$ <br/> $\geq 1 - \leq 3$ <br/> $\geq 0.3 - <1$ <br/> $\leq 0.3$ 57-55-6<br/> $\geq 1 - \leq 3$ <br/> $\geq 0.3 - <1$ <br/> $\leq 0.3$ 

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	loumatomo

Over-exposure signs/symptoms





### Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> .
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".





### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental
	pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propane-1,2-diol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
• •	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 909 ma/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). Absorbed through skin.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
NOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
DSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
DSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable
TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable
NOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable dust
DSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
TWA: 50 µg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

#### Canada

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propane-1,2-diol	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Aerosol only TWA: 155 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Vapor and aerosol
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	<ul> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor and aerosol</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 909 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 909 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Carbon black, respirable powder	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	<ul> <li>TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</li> <li>TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate.</li> </ul>



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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measure	<u>15</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Viscous.]
Color	: Black.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >98.889°C (>210°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.



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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.25
Solubility	: Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): 2000 mPa·s (2000 cP)
VOC content	: <40 g/L
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Protect from freezing.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal		20800 mg/kg	-
Carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral		20 g/kg >15400 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

**Classification** 



# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
Carbon black, respirable powder Crystalline silica, respirable powder						
Reproductive toxicity						
There is no data available.						
<u>Teratogenicity</u>						
There is no data available.						
Specific target organ toxicity	(single exp	<u>posure)</u>				
There is no data available.						
Specific target organ toxicity	(repeated)	<u>exposure)</u>				
Name				Category	Target organs	
Crystalline silica, respirable powder				Category 1	respiratory tract	
Aspiration hazard						
There is no data available.						
Information on the likely	Dermal c	ontact. Eve	e contact.	Inhalation. In	aestion.	
routes of exposure		,			5	
Potential acute health effects						
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Inhalation	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Skin contact	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Ingestion	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Symptoms related to the physi	cal, chemi	cal and to	<u>xicologi</u>	cal character	i <u>stics</u>	
Eye contact						
Inhalation						
Skin contact	ct : No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure						
Short term exposure						
Potential immediate	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Potential delayed effects						
<u>Long term exposure</u>						
Potential immediate	0					
Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Potential chronic health effec	t <u>s</u>					
General	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Carcinogenicity	May caus	se cancer.	Risk of c	ancer depend	Is on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Teratogenicity	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Developmental effects	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Fertility effects	No know	n significan	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	



### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute LC50 1020000 μg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 710000 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 48 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Propane-1,2-diol	-1.07	-	low
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	0.004		low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



**Disposal methods** 



### Section 14. Transport information

-				
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**AERG** : Not applicable.

# **Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

_	-
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Cyclohexane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
Composition/information	on ingredients





### Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	Classification
Propane-1,2-diol	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Carbon black, respirable powder	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (respiratory
	tract) (inhalation) - Category 1

#### **SARA 313**

There is no data available.

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: Limestone; (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol; Talc
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Limestone; Crystalline silica, respirable powder; Propane-1,2-diol; (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol; Talc; Carbon black, respirable powder</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Limestone; Crystalline silica, respirable powder; Propane-1,2-diol; (2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol; Talc; Carbon black, respirable powder</li> </ul>

#### California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Crystalline silica, respirable powder, Carbon black, respirable powder, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Crystalline silica, respirable powder Carbon black, respirable powder	-	-

#### Canada

<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	: None of the components are listed.
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Canada inventory (DSL NDSL)	: At least one component is not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
History Data of issue mm/dd/mmy : 01/15/2018	

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 01/15/2018
Date of previous issue	: 11/30/2016
Version	: 3
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.





### Section 16. Other information

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

